## HYDROGENOLYSIS OF $\alpha$ -METHYLFURAN OVER NICKEL ON IONIC SUPPORTS

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The catalytic conversion of  $\alpha$ -methylfuran in a stream of  $H_2$  over metal catalysts on quartz generally gives aliphatic ketones I, II, and III and  $\alpha$ -methyltetrahydrofuran [1].

The chief reaction product in the catalysis of  $\alpha$ -methylfuran over 0.5% Ni/CaF<sub>2</sub> at 100°C is  $\alpha$ -methyltetrahydrofuran; at 200° the degree of conversion reaches 100%, but methyl propyl ketone (50%) is also obtained along with  $\alpha$ -methyltetrahydrofuran (50%). A similar catalyzate composition is observed at 300°. Consequently, Ni/CaF<sub>2</sub> is a selective catalyst for hydrogenation and hydrogenolysis at the 1-5 bond.

Sodium fluoride and sodium chloride supports were also investigated. The method for the preparation of catalysts on ionic supports was described in [2]. Probing of the sites of distribution of  $\mathrm{Ni}^{2^+}$  in the lattice of the supports by means of diffuse reflection spectra attests to different energy states of the metal in the investigated supports. The catalytic properties were investigated with a pulse apparatus by a previously described method [2], and the catalyzate was analyzed with a Khrom-4 chromatograph. Prior to the reaction, the catalysts were activated in a stream of  $\mathrm{H_2}$  and  $400^\circ$  (for  $\sim 30$  min). Nickel deposited on NaF and NaCl catalyzes only conjugate hydrogenolysis with production of the ketones in a ratio of 1:1:1. This constitutes evidence for a planar orientation of the heteroring relative to the active portions of the nickel surface on these supports. From a comparison of the data from the catalytic experiments it may be assumed an edgewise orientation that promotes hydrogenation and selective hydrogenolysis at the 1-5 bond is realized for Ni/CaF<sub>2</sub>.

## LITERATURE CITED

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